

An Evolution of Michigan's SCID Algorithm

A qualitative approach for the T cell receptor excision circle (TREC) assay for the detection of primary immune deficiency syndromes (PIDS) demonstrates better sensitivity and specificity versus a quantitative approach

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Real time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) of T cell receptor excision circles (TREC's) and reference gene (β-actin).

TREC's are small pieces of DNA that are formed during the differentiation of T cells in the thymus as a result of the rearrangement of the T cell receptor genes.



TREC Formation





Overall Analysis Scheme



3.2 mm DBS is punched into a 96 well plate

Partially automated DNA extraction using an Eppendorf epMotion 5075

Automated set up of real time qPCR in a 384 well format using the epMotion 5075

Duplex qPCR amplification and analysis (TREC and β actin) on a 7900HT.



A Typical TREC Plasmid Standard Curve



TREC Plasmid Curve



Current Qualitative Algorithm



മിരന്തിരന്മാ

If there are 2 borderline positive or 3 inconclusive samples in a row patient is referred for flow cytometry



Timeline of algorithms







Algorithm A (10/1/2011 to 2/29/2012)

Normal and low birth weight babies	TREC quantity copies per µl of blood	B actin Quantity copies per μl of blood	Result	
	<30	≥4000	Strong positive	
	<30	<4000	Inconclusive	

Time= ~5 months 32 cases per month N= 44,712 Total PPV= 18.58% Total FPR= 0.21%



Algorithm B (3/1/2012 to 8/31/2012)

	TREC quantity copies per µl of blood	B actin Quantity copies per μl of blood	Result
Normal birth weight ≥2500 grams	<30	≥8000	Strong positive
Low birth weight <2500 grams	<20	≥8000	Strong positive
Low birth weight <2500 grams	20 to <30	≥8000	Borderline positive
All babies	<30	<8000	Inconclusive

Time= ~6 months 36 cases per month N= 57,023 Total PPV= 25.0% Total FPR= 0.09%



Algorithm C (9/1/2012 to 10/2/2012)

Normal and low birth weight babies	TREC quantity copies per μl of blood	B actin CT value	Result	
	<20	≤30.00	Strong positive	
	20 to <30	≤30.00	Borderline positive	
	<30	>30.00	Inconclusive	

Time= ~1 month *85 cases N= 9,054 Total PPV= 10.59% Total FPR= 0.83%



Algorithm D (10/3/2012 to 1/31/2013)

Normal and low birth weight babies	TREC quantity copies per µl of blood	B actin CT value	Result	
	≤10	≤30.00	Strong positive	
	11 to 20	≤30.00	Borderline positive	
	≤20	>30.00	Inconclusive	

Time= ~3 months 53 cases per month N= 36,728 Total PPV= 8.81% Total FPR= 0.39%



Algorithm E (2/1/2013 to current)

Normal and low birth weight babies	TREC CT value	B actin CT value	Result		TREC quantity based on idealized standard	
	≥37.00	≤30.00	Strong positive	CT value		
	36.30-36.99	≤30.00	Borderline positive	35.00 36.30	27 11	
	≥36.30	>30.00	Inconclusive	<u> </u>	<i>1</i> 7	

Time= ~17 months 4 – 5 cases per month N= 178,682 Total PPV= 28.57% Total FPR= 0.03%



Positive Predictive Values

Positive Predictive value (PPV) for Borderline and Strong positives



False Positive Rate



0.00

А

в

0.00

Prevent Disease – Promote Wellness – Improve Quality of Life

С

5 different algorithms

D

Е



- 326,041 Michigan babies have been screened from 10/1/2011 to 8/31/2014
- Using clinical categories from Region 4

 - ✤ 3 Leaky SCID
 - * 18 Syndromes with T cell impairment
 - 21 Non-preterm secondary T cell lymphopenia
 - 29 Lymphopenia



- Michigan Newborn Screening Program
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TREC Plasmid Curve

		TREC Ct values						
	S8=5000	S7=2500	S6=1250	S5=625	S4=156	S3=78	S2=39	S1=10
Ν	1051	1058	1057	1060	1060	1047	1010	886
Mean	26.88	27.94	28.94	29.96	31.91	33.01	33.94	35.97
SD	0.41	0.41	0.44	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.51	0.69
-2SD	26.05	27.13	28.06	29.09	30.99	32.04	32.93	34.58
+2SD	27.70	28.76	29.83	30.83	32.83	33.98	34.96	37.35